

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME VIII.

MAYSVILLE, KY., MONDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1888.

NUMBER 9.



Its excellent qualities commend it to all who realize the importance to Human Health and Happiness, of a truly healthy, elegant and effective liquid laxative to cleanse the System when bilious or costive, to dispel Colds and Headaches, and to Permanently Cure Habitual Constipation.

The California Liquid Fruit Remedy

SYRUP OF FIGS

Possessing all the above qualities, is rapidly becoming the universal favorite, especially with ladies and children, as it is pleasant to the taste, and perfectly SAFE IN ALL CASES.

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY THE CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

For Sale in 50c and \$1.00 Bottles By all Leading Druggists.

PAST ALL PRECEDENT!
OVER TWO MILLIONS DISTRIBUTED

L.S.L.

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated by the Legislature in 1880 for educational and charitable purposes, and its franchises made a part of the present State Constitution in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Extraordinary Drawings take place semi-annually, (June and December), and its Grand single Number Drawings in each of the other ten months in the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with the signatures attached, in its advertisements."

*G. T. Beauregard
J. T. Early*

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

E. H. WALMSLEY, Pres. La. Nat'l. B.
F. P. NELSON, Pres. Standard S. Co.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. N. O. National B.
CARL KOHN, Pres. Union Nat'l. Bank.

MAHOMETH DRAWING at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1888.

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$600,000

100,000 tickets at 25¢; Halves, \$20; Quarters, \$10; Eights, \$5; Twentieths, \$2; Fortieths, \$1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE of \$600,000 is..... \$600,000
1 PRIZE of 200,000 is..... 200,000
1 PRIZE of 100,000 is..... 100,000
1 PRIZE of 50,000 is..... 50,000
2 PRIZES of 25,000 are..... 50,000
12 PRIZES of 5,000 are..... 60,000
26 PRIZES of 2,000 are..... 60,000
50 PRIZES of 800 are..... 80,000
200 PRIZES of 400 are..... 80,000
500 PRIZES of 200 are..... 100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 Prizes of \$1000 are..... \$100,000
100 Prizes of 800 are..... 80,000
100 Prizes of 400 are..... 40,000

THREE-NUMBER TERMINALS.

90 Prizes of \$200 are..... 180,000
90 Prizes of 200 are..... 180,000

TWO-NUMBER TERMINALS.

90 Prizes of \$200 are..... 180,000
90 Prizes of 200 are..... 180,000

\$146 Prizes amounting to..... \$2,118.00

For Club rates, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, either at our headquarters, 111½ Main Street, number 111½. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

Send Postal Notes, Express Money Orders, of New York Exchange in ordinary letter, Currency by Express (at our expense) addressed to:

M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La., Or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.

Address Registered Letter to:

NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,
New Orleans, La.

Remember that the presence of Generals Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one possibly divine what numbers will draw a prize.

"REMEMBER, also, that the payment of Prizes is guaranteed by four National Banks of New Orleans, and the tickets are signed by the President of an institution, whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest courts; therefore beware of all imitations or anonymous schemes."

S. MOORES,

DENTIST.

OFFICE—Second street, in opera house building. Nitrous oxide gas administered in all cases.

D. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,

Dentist,

Office: Sutton Street, next door to Post Office.

JACOB LINN,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Fresh Bread and Cakes made daily and delivered to any part of the city. Parties and Weddings furnished on short notice. No. 35 Second street.

SWAMP LANDS.

An Important Hearing Involving 300,000 Acres

OF LAND IN MICHIGAN BEFORE SECRETARY VILAS.

A Number of Villages Have Been Erected On the Disputed Tract—Extract From Secretary Whitney's Report on the Condition of the Navy—Other Washington Notes.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—An important hearing took place indirectly involving 300,000 acres of land in Michigan before Secretary Vilas at the interior department Friday. It is the most important land case that have arisen in the department for several years. It involves indirectly about 300,000 acres in Michigan, originally granted to the several railroads in that state.

Some 1,300 acres of swamp lands are claimed by the state of Michigan, under the act of September 28, 1850. Subsequently the lands were resurveyed and declared not to be swamps. They were taken from the state, and as such opened by the government to private entry. This action the state disputes, holding that the action of the government in originally declaring the lands "swamp lands" was final.

The roads now own some 180,000 acres of them. About one year ago the state began the prosecution of these suits to recover the land, the present value of which is something like \$2,000,000. The case involves the larger part of all the railroad lands in the upper peninsula of Michigan, and if the claim of the state holds good, whole villages will be found to have been erected upon lands purchased from the railroad companies, and to which they never possessed a title.

The suits were brought in the name of the state by Cyrus G. Luce, governor, and ex-Senator Christianity, and many other leading lawyers of the state, have been retained as counsel. The point in the claim of the state is that the lands which were granted to the railroads were erroneously marked on the books of the land office, and that they rightfully belonged to the state as swamp lands under the general act of 1850. The officials of the land office say that if the lands were really swamp lands the state has a legal and equitable claim, no matter to whom the railroads have disposed of them.

Messrs. Britton and Gray appeared for the state of Michigan. The railroad men present were: William L. Webber, president of the Flint & Pere Marquette railway; T. J. O'Brien, general counsel of the Grand Rapids & Indiana; O. M. Barnes, of the Jackson, Lansing & Saginaw; Ashley Pond, attorney of the Michigan Central, and J. A. Chautier, of Chicago, solicitor of the Minnesota railway and mining syndicate. These roads, to whom the odd sections of the lands in question were granted, have disposed of a large portion of them, and the present owners comprise many of the wealthy men in the northwest, including both of the Michigan senators and several members of the house.

The secretary's decision is not expected for several weeks.

UNARMED SHIPS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Secretary Whitney has presented his annual report to the president. He says:

"So far as armored ships are concerned, the subject is yet to be treated in a broad way by the department and by congress. At present the conditions are such that everything necessary to a first-class fighting ship can be produced and furnished to the department in this country as soon as in the course of construction any element or feature is required; but this has never heretofore until the present time been true, and therefore the consideration of the subject has been necessarily postponed by the department until the present. The efforts of the department in ship construction have necessarily, since March, 1885, been devoted to unarmored vessels; and as to these the department is able to report that when the ships in course of construction and those authorized shall have been completed, the United States will rank second among the nations in the possession of unarmored cruisers or 'commerce destroyers' having the highest characteristics, viz., of a size 3,000 tons and upwards, and possessing speed nineteen knots and upwards."

THE INAUGURAL BALL.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—A contract has been signed by Governor Black and Chairman Button, of the inaugural committee, for the use of the pension building in which to hold the inaugural ball.

When the notification committee appointed by the Chicago convention had waited upon Gen. Harrison and Mr. Morton, they adjourned to meet in Washington on inauguration day.

Mr. John C. Dougherty, secretary of the committee, has arranged for quarters and a place in the inaugural procession for the committee, which is composed of one delegate from each state, territory and the District of Columbia. It is expected that many of the members of the committee will be accompanied by their wives.

IT WAS AN ACCIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—There is no foundation for the story that during an exhibition given by Mitchell and Kilrain at Kierman's theater Thursday night a shot was fired, intended for one of them, J. W. Robinson, a drunken rowdy, accidentally discharged a pistol in an upper box, the ball lodging in the ceiling. The report was not noticed by the audience, which supposed it to be part of the performance. Robinson was locked up on a charge of carrying concealed weapons, and was fined \$20 this morning. Friends of Kilrain and Mitchell are very sore over the cool reception accorded them in the festive arena here, and have endeavored to exaggerate the incident into an evidence of hostility.

THE SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The World's Washington correspondent telegraphs an inter-

view with "one of the most prominent and influential Democrats in the United States," whose name is not given, but who is described as having been for over a quarter of a century one of the recognized leaders of the party. He declares that the southern Democrats, while forming only a minority of the party, have arrogated to themselves the best offices in congress, and that their prominence had a very decided effect on the election. He complains of the relegation of well known Democrats of the north to inferior posts, and thinks a little more modesty on the part of the southern leaders is desirable.

HATTI PAYS AN INDEMNITY OF \$10,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The United States consul at Port-au-Prince informs the department of state under date of November 16, that the schooner William Jones, of Boston, Mass., which was captured on the 20th of October while proceeding to Go maves, and arbitrarily ordered to Port-au-Prince, has been released, and an indemnity of \$10,000 paid to Capt. Colling, the principal owner, and all port charges and custom duties on the cargo remitted. The consul says this may be considered a very satisfactory disposition of the incident of the illegal capture and detention of the vessel.

DISBURSEMENTS UNUSUALLY LARGE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The treasury disbursements have been unusually large during the month of November, the pension payments alone amounting to \$22,000,000. In consequence of this it is estimated at the department that the public debt statement will show an apparent increase of \$11,500,000 in the debt since November 1, instead of the usual monthly reduction. There is, of course, no actual increase in the debt itself, but merely a reduction in the cash in the treasury available for the payment of the debt.

CHIEF OF THE DEAD LETTER OFFICE.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—S. R. Hall, of Minnesota, was to day appointed chief of the dead letter office.

WHITE CAP WARNINGS.

RIPLEY and MANCHESTER, OHIO, and AUGUSTA, KENTUCKY, GREATLY EXCITED.

RIPLEY, O., Dec. 3.—White Cap warnings are getting frequent in this part of the country.

Thursday night Chief Thompson received a postal card from the White Caps, at least it was signed as such, telling him to notify Jim Ashton and Bob Harris, a white man who lives with a colored woman, that they were onto them, and in consequence Ashton left this part of the country.

Several others have been warned, and they are shaking with fear. Consternation has seized upon the colored people, and every body goes armed at night.

A great deal of excitement is now observable in this place over a report that Messrs. Henry Fleig and Harvey Ramey, two gentlemen who had been over to Georgetown attending a trial, had seen the White Caps on their way here.

A reporter called upon Mr. Fleig, wharfmaster of Ripley, and asked him about it. Mr. Fleig said that about two miles out they had met two men disguised similar to those that visited Sardinia. Both gentlemen were unarmed, but the White Caps, if such they were, simply peered into their faces and permitted them to go on untouched. Excitement is at a fever heat.

THEY VISIT MANCHESTER.

MANCHESTER, O., Dec. 3.—The White Caps visited Manchester Thursday night, and posted the following notices:

"Evil doers, men and women, take warning. First, the visitor; second, the per seudor; third, the helper; fourth, the regulator.

"We are coming. Prepare for better or worse.

WHIRS, ADVANCE AGENT."

The town is all excited.

THE SWITCHMEN'S STRIKE.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 3.—The situation regarding the strike does not show any signs of immediate improvement. The strikers remain firm, and all efforts as a compromise have so far been unavailing. Chief Sargent, of the Firemen's Brotherhood, has been here for several days, and Chief Arthur is expected in a day or two. Railroads are moving some cars with the new men and the aid of passenger conductors acting as switchmen, but the blockade continues. The supply is short, and a severe cold spell now would cause much suffering.

THE MINE STILL BURNING.

CALUMET, Mich., Dec. 3.—Fire in the No. 3 shaft of the C. J. Hunt and Hecin mine is still burning fiercely, and is apparently beyond control and will consume timbering in a large part of the mine. No hope is entered of rescuing the eight miners and timberman who were cut off from escape at midnight Thursday. Mine officials are preparing to fight the fire with carbonic acid gas in the same manner as last year. Immense volumes of smoke is issuing from the shafts and crevices though all are covered.

HELD FOR MURDER.

WARASH, Ind., Dec. 3.—Friday morning an affidavit was filed before a magistrate here charging Elias Jackson with murder in the first degree. The prisoner waved a preliminary hearing, and was remanded to jail.

A special grand jury will convene Monday to consider the case. The examination of Glascow, the accomplice of Jackson will be held on Monday. Mrs. Jackson will be at the jail to-day to see her husband, and there was a tearful scene.

ANOTHER BIG MINERAL STRIKE.

HELENA, Mont., Dec. 3.—The second big mineral strike in Helena was made Friday. The first was about a month ago, on the principal street of Placer Gold. The strike Friday was in the residence portion of the city of a gold quartz vein seven feet wide, assaying handsomely. Property owners in the vicinity are much excited.

ANOTHER BOYS BURNED TO DEATH.

CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., Dec. 3.—A large barn in the town of Flambeau, this county, filled with logging supplies, and destroyed by fire Thursday evening, and two boys named Woods, who were sleeping in the barn, were burned to death.

THE WEATHER.

INDICATIONS—Fair, preceded by light snow on the lakes; slightly colder; northeasterly whirls.

DISINTEGRATION

Going on in the Ranks of the Knights of Labor.

THE NEW YORK TIMES CALLS POWDERLY AN AUTOCRAT.

And Says T. B. Barry is Preparing to Expose the Corrupt Workings of the General Executive Board During the Time He Was a Member—"What Will the Dissatisfied Knights Do?"

NEW YORK, Dec. 3.—The Times says:

"The leaven of disintegration in the order of the Knights of Labor has been strengthened by the injustice done to individuals, local and district assemblies, and the introduction of the system of autocracy in the person of T. V. Powderly, general master workman. The leaven will ferment and froth until the mass will become sour.

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DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

MONDAY EVE., DEC. 3, 1888.

A RARE OFFER

To Increase Our Circulation and Benefit Our Subscribers.

The BULLETIN is pleased to announce that special arrangements have been closed whereby it is enabled to make the following rare offer: For only \$2.50, cash in advance, we will send, for one year, to any address the MAYSVILLE WEEKLY BULLETIN and the largest newspaper on the North American continent, THE NEW YORK WEEKLY WORLD.

The WEEKLY BULLETIN is the leading paper of Northeastern Kentucky. It is not a new aspirant for public favor, but has an established circulation. It keeps its readers thoroughly informed on all the important events of the city, county, State and world. Farmers will find its "Stock, Field and Farm" column carefully edited. In fact, the people of Mason and adjoining counties cannot find a better local paper.

The New York Weekly World is now the largest paper on the North American continent, each addition having twelve pages and eighty-four columns. In addition to its other features, it publishes in each issue a high-class novel by some well known and popular author, such as Thackeray, Irving, Gaboriau, Wilkie Collins, H. Rider Haggard and others equally famous.

Bear in mind the price—\$2.50—is but little more than the regular price of one paper.

This offer is open for a few weeks only, and should be taken advantage of at once. Our prime object in making it is to secure new subscribers, but the offer is open to old subscribers who will settle up and pay for one year's subscription in advance. Mention this to your neighbors, and let us hear from you without delay.

ROSSER & McCARTHY,

Publishers WEEKLY BULLETIN.

The South's Prosperity.

"One of the evidences of the steadily growing prosperity and widening commercial interests of the new South," says the New York Graphic, "may be found in the greatly increased demand for Southern pig iron. Contracts for delivering all through the coming year are now being made at an increase of fifty cents and \$1 per ton over the year preceding. It should be born in mind that less than fifteen years have passed since the first order for Southern pig iron came from the East, and the aggregate sales of the first year did not amount to 500 tons. During the past twelve months the sales are estimated at 150,000 tons. This advance seems almost marvelous, but it is backed up by figures that are incontestable. It should be remembered, too, that this estimate does not include the Virginia iron works, but only those surrounding Chattanooga, Birmingham and Anniston. Careful analysis has shown that the iron turned out by the furnaces at these places is equal to the best Scotch iron imported to this country. Indeed, the American Scotch irons are rapidly driving the imported article out of the market, because they are cheaper in price and equal in quality. Their product is another instance of the improved facilities of Southern development and the prosperity that must come in its wake."

THE New York Press has worked itself into a passion, and shouts: "Does the South want any more lead and steel? Has it not had enough of armies trampling its crops into the dust and suspending its industries with fearful effect?"

This is a nice way to bring about a friendly and brotherly feeling between the two sections. If Cleveland had been elected such gibberish about the South would not have been heard of.

It is reported at Washington City that the President will appoint Ex-Governor Proctor Knott to the vacancy upon the Civil Service Commission made by the promotion of John H. Oberly to the head of the Indian Bureau.

It is sad to learn that Senator Beck's health is in a precarious condition. Those closest to him fear that he will be unable to attend to his Senatorial duties at the coming session.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

IS MARRIAGE A FAILURE?

[Testimony on both sides—and Judgment Rendered.]
The following beautiful poem, by Henry T. Stanton, Poet Laureate of Kentucky, author of "The Moneyless Man" and other poems, was written on the spur of the moment for a friend without thought of publication. The Post captured it *vit et arms*. Mr. Stanton is now holding a position in the Interior Department:

Is marriage a failure? I asked of a maid, Whose life had gone out from the shine to the shade. Whose skirts were all dragged and stained With the dew Of grasses, the scythe of the years had gone through. Is marriage a failure? and turning her head, To the long-trodden path she would never more tr' ad, Lamenting her fate, with an audible sigh, From out of her bitterness, answered me: "Aye."

Is marriage a failure? I asked of a bride, Who lived in the present with fullness of pride. Whose lips were just meeting the flagon of wine She must drink to the lees in her revel divine—

Is marriage a failure? and quick in her cheek The happy heart-current was eager to speak. Her lips were apart and her eyes were aglow, As, out of her heaven, she answered me: "No."

Is marriage a failure? I asked of a man Whose volumes of nature were "read as he ran." Whose purpose in life was "to have and to hold," Whose passion was self and whose deity gold—

Is marriage a failure? and quicker he went— No moment in folly like this to be spent— But hearing full well as he hastened on by, He laughed in my face and he answered me: "Aye."

Is marriage a failure? I asked of a pair Who stood in the sunset with silvery hair, Whose evening of life was approaching its close—

In odor of hay and in scent of the rose— Is marriage a failure? and woman and man, Who toiling together had tested the plan, Who entered the brook and kept on with its flow,

Till reaching the ocean—they answered me: "No."

Is marriage a failure? I asked of a beast, Untouched at the hands of a hallowing priest, Whose will was his law, whose muscle his boast, Who looked on the world as his brothel at most—

Is marriage a failure? and up from his lair, From caverns of darkness, from foulness of air, Came loudly his savage and sensual cry, That told of his nature and answered me: "Aye."

Is marriage a failure? I asked of the birds, When their music of spring they were setting to words,

When building their houses on leafy estates And teaching their young to be couples and mates—

Is marriage a failure? and out of the grove, Their odorous Eden of innocent love, The singers in answer were unified so, That echoes from everywhere uttered their "No."

Is marriage a failure? I said to myself, As I peered in the eyes of a tangle-haired elf, And then in the graver and holier face Of her of my bosom—thank God for His grace—

Is marriage a failure? and out of my breast, In pity for all of such bondage unblessed, With every glad pulse of my being allow, The answer came swelling, "A thousand times, No."

—Washington Post.

To Merchants.

Christmas will soon be here, and if you wish to whoop up your holiday trade, speak at once for space in the EVENING BULLETIN. First come, first served. There is no better advertising medium in this section.

LAWYERS.

J. H. SALLEE, Commonwealth's Atty. C. L. SALLEE, Notary Public.

SALLEE & SALLEE,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

will attend to collections and a general law practice in civil cases in Mason and adjoining counties. Fire Insurance, Real Estate and Loans. Office: No. 12 Court street, Maysville, Kentucky.

A. LLEN D. COLE,

LAWYER,

will practice in the courts of Mason and adjoining counties, the Superior Court and Court of Appeals. Special attention given to collections and to Real Estate. Court street Maysville, Ky.

MISS ANNA FRAZAR'S

NOVELTY STORE!

Dealer in DRY GOODS and NOTIONS. I have always on hand a full supply of School Books, and have just received a large assortment of new Millinery Goods.

A. SORRIES & SON,

GUN AND LOCKSMITHS,

Repair Guns, Pistols, Locks, &c. Special attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines. Office and Shop on East Second street.

NORTHEASTERN

KENTUCKY : TELEPHONE : COMPANY

Has connection with the following places:

Maysville, Glendale, Mt. Olivet, Mayslick, Gardis.

Office in Maysville—A. J. McDougle's Book Goods Store. East Second street.

CRAWFORD HOUSE,

CINCINNATI, O.

CORNER SIXTH AND WALNUT STS

I have taken the management of this house, and have put it in good order. Clean rooms and beds, and a No. 1 table—all that the market affords, and as good as the best. All for \$1.50 per day. Don't let the price keep you away. It is hard times prices. Will be pleased to entertain you. Very respectfully, LEWIS VANDEN, Manager.

CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

And TRADE SUPPLIES.

FIRE-WORKS

LANTERNS and FLAGS, at

JOHN WHEELER'S

Shop north side of Fourth street, between Limestone and Market, Maysville, Ky. Daily

CHICAGO MARKETS.

FURNISHED BY W. A. MORTON.
December wheat, \$1.01 1/4; corn, 35.
May wheat, \$1.03 1/4; corn, 38.
January pork, \$13.45.

RETAIL MARKET.

Coffee, #1	17@20
Molasses, new crop, per gal.	5@60
Golden Syrup	40
Sorghum, Fancy New	35@4
Sugar, yellow #1	7@8
Sugar, extra C. #1	8@
Sugar, A. #1	8@
Sugar, granulated #1	10@
Sugar, powdered, per lb.	10@
Tea, #1, New Orleans, #1	50@60
Coal Oil, head light #1 gal.	15
Bacon, breakfast, #1	11@12
Bacon, clear side, per lb.	11@12
Bacon, Ham, #1	14@15
Bacon, Shoulders, per lb.	10@10
Beans, Peas	30@40
Butter, #1	20@25
Chickens, each	17@20
Eggs, per dozen	15@18
Flour, Limestone, per barrel	6@75
Flour, Old Gold, per barrel	6@75
Flour, Mayville Fancy, per barrel	6@75
Flour, Mason County, per barrel	6@75
Flour, Royal Patent, per barrel	5@75
Flour, Mayville Family, per barrel	5@75
Henry, per lb.	20
Homing, #1 gallon	20
Meat, per peck	11@12
Meat, #1	20
Oats, per peck	25@30
Potatoes, per peck	20
Apples, per peck	10@15

WANTED.

WANTED—10,000 bushels good, sound corn, white or yellow. ROBINSON & CO.
n23d2w<w

WANTED—10,000 live turkeys. Will pay the highest market price. F. H. TRAXEL & CO. n10d1m&w

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

MAJOR—We are authorized to announce E. E. PEARCE, JR., as a candidate for re-election to the office of Mayor, at the January election, 1889.

COLLECTOR AND TREASURER—We are authorized to announce C. S. LEACH as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Collector and Treasurer at the January election, 1889.

COUNCIL—We are authorized to announce C. HUGH F. SHANNON as a candidate for re-election to the City Council, from the Fourth ward, at the January election, 1889.

CITY MARSHAL—We are authorized to announce W. B. DAWSON as a candidate for City Marshal at the ensuing January election.

CITY MARSHAL—We are authorized to announce JAMES H. HEFLIN as a candidate for the office of City Marshal at the January election 1889.

CITY ASSESSOR—We are authorized to announce CHARLES D. SHEPARD as a candidate for the office of City Assessor at the January election, 1889.

WHARFMASTER—We are authorized to announce C. M. PHISTER as a candidate for Wharfmaster at January election, 1889.

CITY CLERK—We are authorized to announce HARRY TAYLOR as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Clerk at the January election, 1889.

CITY CLERK—We are authorized to announce JOHN A. SHEA as a candidate for City Clerk at the January election, 1889.

For the holiday season of 1888, I am offering for sale a large and carefully-selected stock of elegant

Plush Dressing Cases, Plush Work Boxes, Plush Shaving Sets, Odor Baskets, Jewel Cases,

Manicure Sets, Baby Sets, Pocket Books, Bronze Figures, Mirrors,

Purses, Library Lamps, Fancy Bottles, and Toilet Articles

and Brushes of every description, all of the latest style and design, and at prices most reasonable. Will be pleased to have you call.

J. JAMES WOOD,

DRUGGIST, MAYSVILLE.

The Toy the Child Likes Best

ANCHOR Stone Building Blocks

Real Stone. Three Colors.

A CLEVER PRESENT FOR CHILDREN OF ALL AGES. FOR \$1.75 OR \$2.00 A GOOD AVERAGE BOX.

Descriptive Catalogue sent post-free on application to

F. Ad. Richter & Co., 310 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

—IS AT—

The House That Leads

ALL COMPETITORS OFFERS SPECIAL BARGAINS IN ALL LINES OF

WINTER DRY GOODS.

My stock of CLOAKS, WRAPS and JACKETS is the largest in the city, and will be sold low enough to close the entire lot before Christmas. If you want one come soon.

Extra heavy 10-4 and 11-4 Red All Wool Blankets at \$4 and \$5; 11-4 Pink and Grey only \$2.50, and White and Grey at \$1.25 per pair; good Comforts at 70c., 75c. and \$1. All of the above are especial bargains and will go fast.

I have just received a new line of Muffs and Fur Trimmings, which is offered at less money than other houses will sell them, and in good, warm UNDERWEAR I can give you the best goods ever offered at the following very low prices: All Wool Medicated Scarlet at 90c., \$1.00 and \$1.25, sold by other houses at \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50; extra good Camel's Hair at 75c. and \$1.25, sold elsewhere at \$1.50 and \$1.50. Our Merino Shirts and Drawers in White and Scotch Mixed at 25, 35 and 50c. would be cheap at twice these prices.

I will sell the very best quality Henrietta Cloth and Broad Cloth in all the new colors at prices much lower than is asked for inferior qualities. Don't fail to see them before you buy.

M. B. MCKRELL,
No. 20 Sutton street, one door below Postoffice, Maysville, Ky.

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.

MONDAY EVE, DEC. 3, 1888.

TIME TABLE.

THE KENTUCKY CENTRAL RAILROAD:	
Arrive.....	10:50 a. m. 7:40 p. m.
Depart.....	6:00 a. m. 1:05 p. m.
THE MAYSVILLE AND BIG SANDY RAILROAD:	
Eastbound.....	7:50 a. m. 2:20 p. m.
Westbound.....	10:30 a. m. 4:45 p. m.

INDICATIONS—"Fair, followed by rain; warmer."

PURE sage, Calhoun's.

MR. AND MRS. W. H. COX'S children are ill with fever.

MINCE meat, Java coffee, maple syrup, buck wheat, Calhoun's.

SWEET cider, new raisins, currants and citron, cheap, at G. W. Geisel's.

JAMES BELL and Fannie Smith, colored, were granted marriage licenses Saturday.

THE United States Court at Covington convened this morning with a light docket.

COUNTY CLERK BALL issued nineteen marriage licenses last month—16 to whites and 3 to blacks.

MAJOR CHENOWETH has about recovered from his late spell of sickness and will be out in a day or so.

A SON of Ex Lieutenant Governor John C. Underwood died at Covington Saturday, of diphtheria.

MESSES. CALVERT & BRANNON, of Lewisburg, are feeding one hundred and twenty cattle at Rogers' distillery.

REV. J. N. PRESTRIDGE, of Hopkinsville, is assisting in a protracted meeting in the Baptist Church at Mayslick.

MR. F. A. SAVAGE has bought four lots from W. E. Tabb and others in Tabb's sub-division of Dover for \$300.

THERE have been forty-two additions to the Main Street M. E. Church at Covington during a meeting now in progress.

COLONEL E. H. TAYLOR, JR., was elected Mayor of Frankfort Saturday over Judge Alvin Duvall. The vote stood 681 to 631.

D. C. S., one of the trotters campaigned by Mr. James W. Fitzgerald the past season, has been sold to eastern parties for \$1,500.

E. C. Houston's hotel at Bradford's Landing, Bracken County, was destroyed by fire Friday. The blaze started from a defective flue.

THE Kentucky Central's new iron bridge over Licking River was completed yesterday, and the outgoing train this morning was the first to cross it.

At Lexington Saturday, Jesse Atchison confessed to killing Dode Jenkins during a barroom fight some days ago. The accused was given fourteen years in the "pen."

MR. T. M. WADE, of the firm of Earl & Wade, Cincinnati, contemplates opening out a commission house in this city. He has been here several days looking for a suitable location.

THE rumbling of wheels of the trains on the M. & B. S. are plainly heard in this place, while the whistles of the locomotives sound as if they were only a mile or two away.—West Union Defender.

At Lexington, Saturday, Mr. Tom Robinson, son of General James F. Robinson, Internal Revenue Collector of this district, was thrown from his horse and fell on his head, suffering concussion of the brain. He was in a precarious condition at last accounts.

MR. WILLIAM M. TUGMAN, a well-known Democratic attorney of Cincinnati, was married Thanksgiving Day to Miss Alice Marion Cameron. The groom taught school in Aberdeen some years ago and read law under Mr. T. C. Campbell, of this city.

BOB OVERBY, the negro charged with shooting and wounding Bill Combs Thanksgiving night, was arrested Saturday afternoon and committed to jail. His examining trial takes place this afternoon at 2 o'clock. He confesses the shooting, but says he did it in self-defense.

THE protracted meeting in the M. E. Church, South, is still in progress. The attendance last night was the largest yet, many being unable to get seats. Preaching again this afternoon at three o'clock and this evening at seven o'clock. All are invited and will be cordially welcomed.

THE Rt. Rev. William Taylor, Bishop of Africa, and Rt. Rev. J. N. Galleher, Bishop of New Orleans, sailed from New York on the Gallia Saturday. Bishop Galleher is a native of Mason County, his early days having been spent at Washington. His father afterwards kept the old Goddard House in this city, removing from here to Cincinnati.

ROBERT BLACK, the wounded engineer, was removed to his home in Covington Thursday. He is able to walk, and the only trouble now is his mind, which is not yet clear on account of the wounds on his head; but he was able to recover his friends Thursday, and was delighted to know that he was going home.—Paris Kentuckian.

In the Common Pleas Court of Brown County Saturday the case of Richardson, Stivers & Co. vs. the Brooks-Waterfield Company was decided before Judge Loudon, the jury bringing in a verdict for \$321 for plaintiffs. The case has been in court several years. Judgement was for the full amount claimed. The plaintiffs are tobacco buyers, doing business at Ripley.

Groceries suitable for bridal and holiday presents are now being displayed by Hopper & Murphy, the jewelers. Solid silver case goods, bronze figures and bronze clocks, silver-plated ware, brass mirrors and plaques, imported ware, diamonds, rings, eardrops, pins, brooches and studs. Ladies' and gent's gold watches \$20 and upwards; gold and silver head umbrellas at reduced prices; 18 k plain rings.

THE Lexington Press tells of a rather novel way in which a party of hunters caught fifteen rabbits Thanksgiving Day. It says: "As soon as the rabbit was started, away would go the whole crowd, making about as much noise as a baby earthquake, until frightened and tired out, the little animal would be overtaken. At this point the foremost rider would dash up alongside and, throwing himself from his horse, seize or run down the exhausted game on foot."

W. E. BENNINGTON, a young attorney of Ripley, and George McKee, a well-known farmer, became engaged in a difficulty Saturday afternoon. Bennington is administrator of his uncle's estate, and the difficulty grew out of some disagreement in regard to matters connected with the property. McKee received several bad wounds on the head with a slingshot, while Bennington was not hurt. Bennington is under arrest. McKee's injuries may prove fatal.

HARDMAN RELEASED.

The trouble Mike Hardman got himself into at Lexington by telling that he had killed a negro here in Maysville has been mentioned. The matter turned out to be a little more serious than Harde man bargained for.

THE accused was taken before Judge Walton, who ordered the case transferred to this city for trial. Friday evening a big policeman from Lexington, with Mike in charge, presented himself to Judge Coons at the latter's residence on West Front street, shortly after the arrival of the train. The Judge had heard of the story, and knew there was no truth in the charge, but it was late and the self-accused man was committed to jail until Saturday, when he was brought out in the afternoon and formally discharged.

THE OPENING DEFERRED.

"Although the Maysville and Big Sandy railroad will be completed by January 1," says the Courier-Journal, "President Ingalls has decided not to open the line for regular business until March 1, when it will be formally thrown open its entire length. Finishing, as the construction crews will, in the dead of winter, the company thinks it not a good policy to begin operation at once, but, have a force of men ballasting the roadbed, and getting it in such shape that fast running may be made with the first train. Business over the road will be phenomenally heavy, and Mr. Ingalls prefers losing a little time that could otherwise amount to but little, to having any but the best and firmest road."

"In consequence of the conclusion, the change of offices from Louisville to Cincinnati will not occur until March 1."

ALLEGED "WHITE CAPS" AT AUGUSTA.

A special from Augusta says that place was in a fever of excitement over the following notice which was found posted on a large sycamore tree in the business portion of the town Saturday morning:

"To Whom It May Concern:

"We, the White Caps of Bracken County, demand the editors of Augusta papers to leave this county within the next ten days, or we will pay them a visit. We also warn Marion Louderback, Dr. Mullins and Joe Einstein to keep off the streets after 10 o'clock, and also Dr. Hobday after 12 o'clock, or the wagon-whip will be wielded in the hands of said persons, and enduce them to stay at home. Take warning." THE WHITE CAPS.

The notice was headed with the skull and cross bones, and at the bottom was a picture of a wagon-whip.

The special adds that the editors have decided to "hold the fort" against all comers. Brother Morris was in this city Saturday afternoon, but it is not known whether he was fleeing from the "White Caps" or laying in a supply of ammunition for an attack from the alleged regulators.

A. O. H.

Regular meeting of the Ancient Order of Hibernians at their hall to-night. A full attendance is desired.

ITS DELICACY OF FLAVOR

and the efficacy of its action have rendered fruit remedy. Syrup of Figs, immensely popular. It cures and tones up the clogged and feverish system, and dispels headaches, colds and fevers. For sale in 50 cent and \$1 bottles.

MASONIC NOTICE.

Stated meeting of Confidence Lodge No. 52, F. and A. M., Monday, December 3d. Election of officers and payment of dues. All Masons in good standing are invited.

G. W. ROGERS, W. M.

G. W. SULSER, Secretary.

BAPTIST CHURCH BURNED.

The Baptist Church at Washington caught fire Saturday morning about 10 o'clock from a defective flue, and burned to the ground. The citizens of the place succeeded in saving some of the furniture.

The building was a small frame and stood in the old Baptist burying-ground. It was erected a few years ago at cost of \$1,200 or \$1,500. There was no insurance.

NOVEMBER REVENUE REPORT.

General Robinson reports the following collections for this district for the month of November:

List.....	\$ 6.40
Beer.....	172.65
Signs.....	103.95 80
Cigars.....	1,134.15
Tobacco.....	440.68
Special taxes.....	185.77

Total.....	\$ 105,831.85
June 18, 1885, to June 15, 1886.....	2,442.10 14
June 16, 1886, to October 31, 1886.....	3,635.46 65

Grand total.....	\$ 6,212.96 54
Gain over November, 1887.....	13,147.55
Gain over first five months of last year.....	99,839.12

DEATH OF MRS. SUSANNA D. NOLIN.

Mrs. Susanna D. Nolin, whose critical illness has been noticed, died this morning at half past one o'clock at the family residence on Forest avenue. She was stricken with paralysis some years ago, and had been a great sufferer. The funeral will take place Wednesday at 1:30 p. m. at the residence, after which the remains will be interred in the Maysville and Mason County Cemetery. Rev. Thomas Hanford, assisted by Revs. D. A. Beardsley and W. S. Priest, will conduct the services.

The deceased's maiden name was Terhune. She was a native of Fleming County, and was in the seventy-ninth year of her age. She was the mother of ten children, nine of whom survive her.

STOCK, FIELD AND FARM.

Jas. B. Dudley, of Fleming, sold to Blair & Howe 34 fat hogs weighing 12,010 pounds, or an average of 353.834 pounds, at \$5 per hundred.

It is estimated that from 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 pounds of turkey and 1,000,000 quarts of cranberries are necessary to enable the city of New York to enjoy the Thanksgiving feast.

The Standford Journal notes the sale of a lot of 320 lb. hogs at 4½ cents, thirteen 1,500 lb. cattle at 5 cents; a car load of 1,325 lb. cattle at 3½ cents; twenty fat cattle, weight 1,450 lbs., at 5½ cents.

Mr. F. B. Harper was offered \$18,000 for the racing qualities of Lavinia Bell, but declined, saying \$75,000 would be no object. Mr. Harper has more money than he knows how to manage, and is very liberal in his contributions to local charities.—Lexington Gazette.

The get of Longfellow and Billet have won this season in the neighborhood of \$120,000 each, which is more than has ever stood to the credit of two stallions in one year in the history of the American turf. Longfellow's largest winner is the Bard, while Sir Dixon has captured more money than any other son or daughter of Billet.

PERSONAL.

Deputy Collector Baldwin went to Cincinnati yesterday.

Mr. A. F. Respass arrived from Frankfort Saturday evening.

Captain Val P. Collins and family have returned to Covington.

Mr. H. C. McDougle went to the "Queen City" yesterday on business.

Dr. John M. Fraze is attending United States Court at Covington as a juror.

Mr. Sydnor Hall, of Covington, spent yesterday in this city with his parents.

Mr. J. T. Henry and family returned Saturday from a week's visit at Carr's Landing, Lewis County.

Mr. J. B. Newton and bride arrived from Plain City, O., Saturday evening and are spending a few days at Aberdeen.

Colonel R. F. Dearing, of Poplar Plains, was here yesterday en route to Covington, where he was summoned as a juror in the United States Court.

BUSINESS LOCAL.

Just the thing—Kackley's direct life-size portraits for presents.

An appropriate Christmas for one and all is Kackley's direct life-size portraits.

Ten dollars is the cost of Kackley's life-size portraits for Christmas and New Year's gifts.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

ORANGEBURG.

Our town is on the boom. Henry Luman is having a kitchen and porch built to his house. Edward Roe, Sr., is buying hogs and shipping to the city.

Ambrose Dickson and Gus L. Tolle are in the turkey trade.

Elder Wm. Moisen, of Nepton, preached here Sunday, forenoon and night.

The farmers are cribbing corn and stripping tobacco when the weather will permit.

If you want good boots and shoes, go to R. P. Tolle & Son.

MAYSICK.

Dr. M. H. Davis spent his Thanksgiving at Paris.

John Clary, wife and children, of Cynthiana, are here on a visit.

Henry F. Franklin, of Bohm Bros. & Co., Cincinnati, was with us last week.

Dr. Hal Dimmitt and wife, of Germantown, spent Thanksgiving here with friends.

Fresh cocoanuts with the hair on at J. A. Jackson's. Cranberries, dates, prunes and all the dainties.

A gentleman from Williamsburg, Ohio, stopped at the Stone Wall House last week with fifteen dozen chairs for Carlisle.

A meeting was commenced in the Baptist Church of this place yesterday. The services will be conducted by Rev. J. N. Prestridge, of Hopkinsville, Ky.

J. A. Jackson is now receiving his holiday gifts direct from Chicago. Has a big line of new and attractive articles to please the children. Call early and get first choice.

J. A. Jackson, wife assisting in putting some heavy barrels in his cellar last Thursday, tell to the bottom of the steps, striking on his head. While his wounds are not serious, he is scarcely able to about—very sore from the jar.

The funeral of Captain W. P. Fox took place in the Christian Church in this place last Wednesday morning. Rev. W. F. Spears officiating. A large concourse of relatives and friends followed the remains to their last resting place in our cemetery.

ADVERTISERS! send for our Select List of Local Newspapers. Geo. P. Rowell & Co.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

GERMANY'S FLAG.

She Seems Very Anxious to Hoist It All Over the World.

HER INEXPERIENCE WILL CAUSE HER TROUBLE EVERYWHERE.

Indian Traders Ruined by German Interference Turn to England for Recompense—It is a Question Whether They Will Get It or Not—Russia Building Pontoon Bridges—Notes.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—Germany in the east is a problem that confronts the state which considers itself, with some justice, as the keystone of Europe, but whether the empire has not enough complications and dangers without seeking trouble outside of her own continent, is a question for its statesmen.

Apparently they think they have gone too far to retreat; that having planted the German flag over Samos and the eastern coast of Africa, they must adhere to their policy impressing upon the world that the empire is a growing force, which, having succeeded in making itself a power to above all others, feared and respected at home, intends to carry its language, manners and institutions to the ends of the earth. Fortunately for its earliest venture, it has only come into opposition with unarmed savages, but even with them its experience has not been perfectly satisfactory.

The Weissenau expedition for the relief of Emin Pasha is an exhibition of mere persistency than wisdom, perhaps, but, though many are under the impression that Emin and a still more gallant explorer he met a sad fate amid African wilds, the German effort commends itself as an ostensibly humane endeavor, and therefore appeals to human sympathy, in spite of a suspiciously political flavor attached to it.

Herr Von Bennington said too much when he proclaimed that the expedition was necessary to restore the damaged German prestige and that the interests of the nation were involved in a greater degree than was apparent on the surface, but perhaps frankness has come into fashion diplomatically and the real policy of enlightened selfishness is to supersede all others openly as well as secretly.

Germany, it is safe to say, will have a certain amount of trouble with whatever nationality she encounters abroad. The English are brutal and non-conciliatory enough, but they have had some experience in dealing with semi-civilized people, and have required a certain amount of tact. Among other things they have learned is not to despise too much the suave Asiatic and the complaints made by the native Indian journals are likely to give Lord Salisbury some uneasy hours. Many Indian traders on stations over which Germany now exercises virtual sovereignty have been ruined by German interference with their business, and they naturally turn to England for recompence.

The question now arises, since the recompence cannot be denied them, will England make an effort to obtain a restoration in turn from Germany, and will such efforts meet with success? Such a result is hardly to be expected, but the attempt is likely to add another to the points of difference growing up between the two countries.

Something Being Held Back.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—The German and Austrian press is muzzled on both sides of the line, and dare not publish certain occurrences during Emperor William's visit, which have aroused ill feeling between the two members of the triple alliance. It is known that William treated Count Von Taaffe, the Hungarian minister, with discourtesy, and that the Austrian premier is not satisfied with the existing situation. Meanwhile Russia is steadily advancing her war preparations.

A dispatch from Bucharest says Russia is building pontoons at Reni, in readiness to cross the Danube. Reni is in Bessarabia, near the confluence of the Prut and Danube, and would seem to contemplate an advance through the Dobrogea upon Bulgaria, and an avoidance of all Danubian defenses.

They Ought to Take Warning.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—Lord Lansbury, in a speech at Edinburgh, said in reference to the treatment of Irishmen in Irish jails, that their treatment ought to deter others from following their example. As long as they were dangerous to the community they must be treated like other offenders. He warned the Unionists that they must watch Mr. Gladstone, whose tendency to accept the most extreme views of the Separatists increased.

Zanzibar Insurgents.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—At a meeting of the East African Plantation company it was announced that the insurgents at Zanzibar have destroyed and plundered property of the company at Leva. The company resolved to send a force to recover possession of Usambara.

The French Budget Accepted.

PARIS, Dec. 3.—The budget committee has assented to the plans of M. De Freycinet and M. Peyrat, ministers of war and finance, respectively, for an extra war budget of a milliard of francs. The allotments for 1883 amounts to 15,000,000 francs.

Foreign Notes.

Lord Randolph Churchill, it is announced, will not speak in public for several months.

Col. Stoffel, formerly French military attache, has been expelled from Alsace-Lorraine.

Emperor William is recovering from his recent indisposition. He is still confined to his bedroom, however.

The czar has sanctioned the marriage of the Grand Duke Alexis with Princess Helena, daughter of the Comte de Paris.

In the house of commons the announcement was made that Sir Henry Norman had been appointed as governor of Queensland.

It is reported that Count Tolstoy is afflicted with softening of the brain, and will in consequence resign his portfolio in the cabinet.

During an engagement with east African insurgents, the German man-of-war lost a petty officer. Two of the crew were severely wounded.

The question of the delimitation of the French and the Dutch possessions in Guinea is to be submitted to arbitration by mutual agreement.

It is rumored that the New Guinea com-

pany is in difficulty, and has offered to sell its territory to the German government for 4,000,000 marks.

M. Eiffel, the famous French engineer, claims that his tower has already reached an altitude thirty-one meters higher than the Washington monument.

The French government, as a settlement of the difficulty experienced in the nomination of new French cardinals, propose the transfer of Cardinal Lavigerie from Algiers to Paris. The pope hesitates to accede to the proposition, desiring to bestow a cardinal's hat upon the present archbishop of Paris.

It is officially announced that the loan conversion scheme will go into operation on April 1, 1889, and that bonds will be issued either in cash or in new bonds.

It is stated that the original diary of the late Emperor Frederick, of Germany, is in possession of his widow, the dowager Empress Victoria, who has obtained a copyright upon it.

The Vossische Zeitung and the Post announced that the Kieler Zeitung will be prosecuted, at the instance of the emperor, for publishing the Emperor Frederick's diary of 1866.

The Korean foreign minister authorizes a denial of the report of a Russian protection treaty with Korea. Korea aims solely at autonomy, and desires an amicable settlement with China.

M. Bontenief, of the Russian embassy at London, is mentioned for the post of Russian minister to the Vatican. In the event of the appointment of M. Bontenief, M. Iswolski will return to Washington.

The friends of John Bright are much pained at learning that the Gladstonians have selected Lord Compton, just defeated in the Holborn district of Finsbury, to contest his seat after his death, which they assume to be only a question of days.

Count Kin-kay, son of the governor of Lower Austria, is suing for divorce on the ground that his wife, whom he recently married, deceived him as to her parentage, her mother not being a noble one. Marriage with a plebeian deprives him of the inheritance of his family estates. The case is exciting great interest.

The parliamentary committee to inquire into the circumstances of the services of a summons upon Commoner David Sheehy in the lobby of the house of commons, continued its work Friday. The chief of the parliamentary police in the course of his examination, said that his Constable Sullivan's business was known he could not have been admitted within the building.

BOLD ANARCHISTS.

Their Thanksgiving Ceremonies in Chicago of a Startling Character.

CHICAGO, Dec. 3.—The Anarchist powwow on Thanksgiving day at Thalia hall was of a decidedly startling character. The place was crowded with men, women and children.

A picture represented an Anarchistic female waving a particularly dangerous sword and summoning forth her followers. In the foreground is a workingman engaged in stabbing with an immense two-edged sword a serpent, bearing the heads of Bismarck, the pope, Gladstone and the czar of Russia. Various men and women armed with the weapons of the French Communists are issuing from subterranean depths under the tomb of the hanged Anarchists.

In the background the Anarchist hosts are engaged in throwing bombs among the police, sticking scythes and other unpleasant implements into capitalists and other objectionable people. About the margin are the heads of Parsons and his companions. Altogether the picture is calculated to strike terror into the hearts of ordinary people.

Herman Loewe recited a poem, "Vater Unser," the Lord's prayer, which was altered to suit the anarchistic idea. It condemned the rich and asked for benefits to the poor.

Albert Currin said that Thanksgiving was nothing else than a farce. The president did not feel thankful this year, because he was knocked out. There was no cause of being thankful. Many millions of people in this country had to work for their board from ten to sixteen hours a day. They did not make enough to buy clothes with, and they could not go without. Half a million of little children worked in factories and shops for thirty-five cents a week, where they were morally and physically ruined. They had no reason to be thankful; they ought to curse the existing society because it was allowed.

A WEEK OVERDUE.

Steamer Domingo Probably Lost—Twenty-Three Persons on Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 3.—The Earn line steamship Domingo, Capt. J. T. Wilson, from St. Jago, for this port, is a week overdue, and many fear she has foundered with all on board, twenty-three in number. Capt. Seiders, of the British steamship Alene, from Kingston, Jamaica, says that on November 27th, he passed a deeply-laden brigantine-rigged British steamship. Her fires were out and the port anchor was used as a drag. The agents of the Domingo believe this to be their vessel. The British steamship Napeer was close by, evidently trying to render the disabled craft assistance.

Coal Mines Shut Down.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 3.—All of the coal mines along the Monongahela river have closed indefinitely. The operators claim that they have been losing money on account of oversupply, and are unable to keep their men at work. Over five thousand miners are thrown out of employment. They are ill prepared for a shut down at this season, and much suffering will no doubt result.

The closing of the mines also makes a large number of boat builders, caulkers and river men idle. It is estimated that over fifty million bushels of coal are now tied up at points down the Ohio river, for which there is no market except at prices which are a loss to the operators.

Convicts Killed by an Explosion.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Dec. 3.—The second fatal dynamite explosion on the Kentucky Midland railroad within ten days occurred Thursday afternoon. Four men were killed and several dangerously wounded. The men working at the place where the explosion occurred were all convicts, leased from the state by contractors on the road. The men were blasting rock in a cut, when the dynamite charge was exploded while all were at work. James McNarry, the boss of the gang, was among the killed.

Too many men who want to make money by their wits forget they have hands as heads.—Burlington Hawk-Eye.

There is nothing so strong or safe, in any emergency of life, as the simple truth—Charles Dickens.

It is rumored that the New Guinea com-

AN AUTHOR WINS SUCCESS

After Being Snubbed by Publishers He Prints His Own Book.

Mr. A. C. Gunter, who wrote the novel, "Mr. Barnes of New York," took it in manuscript to nearly all the leading publishers in New York, and every one of them refused to publish it. It was not that they found anything objectionable in it. They did not believe it would sell. Here comes an old moral—it has been pointed out since Ulysses was derided and Wallace starved. Mr. Gunter, stung by disappointment, instead of being staggered, went to work, organized his own publishing company, with no other purpose than to get his book before the world, printed and distributed it himself, and in an incredibly short time the book attained a circulation exceeding anything of the kind ever known here in the publishing business.

I was talking with Mr. Gunter the other night, and some of the details of his exploit are exceedingly interesting, now that the story has been put upon the stage and every third woman in the land is writing novels and on her knees to the publishers. He said that when he got his book printed his first struggles to get it into the trade were Herculean and even more discouraging than his attempts to get it published. By superhuman efforts he got the American News company to put 600 on sale.

Mr. C. T. Dillingham took 200 under protest, and Brentano said that Mr. Gunter's personal friends would probably buy a hundred. In about five weeks the orders began to come in, and one day the American News company, under the impression that Mr. Gunter had not printed more than 1,000 copies, sent an order for all the books he had. He replied by sending them 7,000 copies, to their utter amazement. In two weeks they wanted 10,000 more.

There was established what Mr. Gunter calls his publishing company, which so far has been confined in its labors to supplying the public with Mr. Gunter's two books, "Mr. Barnes, of New York," and "Mr. Potter, of Texas." The total sales of "Mr. Barnes, of New York," up to date have been 700,000 copies. The sales of "Mr. Potter" have reached 210,000 copies. A more remarkable instance of the writing worm turning and stinging was never known.

"Mr. Barnes" has been translated into German, French and English. There are seven pirated editions of it in London, every one of which I have seen, and Cassell & Co., who refused to take Mr. Gunter's manuscript, published the story afterwards in serial form in their magazine without his leave.

All this is notable, the more so, perhaps, because the American newspapers have repeatedly called attention to the fact that the last work of M. Zola reached the enormous edition of 35,000 copies. The result of the publishers' refusal to accept Mr. Gunter's story is that Mr. Gunter will make something like \$100,000.—Nym Crinkle in New York World.

BOYS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL REPORT.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 3.—The managers of the Boys' Industrial School at Lancaster have filed their annual report with the governor. It shows that the cost of running the institution was \$47,811.40, or \$8.48 per capita. Hamilton county has 32 inmates, Cuyahoga 36, and Lucas 58, making a total from all counties of 526. Cuyahoga county sent 57, Hamilton 20, and Lucas 21 during the current year. Out of the total, 128 are American, 33 German, and 17 Irish.

COAL IN DAKOTA.

CHAMBERLAIN, Dak., Dec. 3.—A large vein of coal has just been discovered eight miles south of this city. The coal is of a good quality, and arrangements will be made for further developing the vein at once. The discovery causes great excitement.

ARRESTED ON A SERIOUS CHARGE.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Dec. 3.—George B. Willis was arrested at Waverly, Tenn., Friday, charged with being one of the men who robbed Gen. Bigger on the night of the European hotel fire, in this city. Bigger jumped from the hotel window while the building was burning, and was killed. It is believed that his room had previously been robbed and the hotel set on fire to cover up the work of the thieves.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Markets for December 1.

NEW YORK.—Money 2 per cent. Exchange steady; governments steady.

Currency sixes, 18 bid; four coupons, 12½ bid; fours-and-a-half, 10½ bid.

The stock market was weak throughout the half day's session. Prices were on the down grade almost continuously from the opening until noon, principally on selling by London houses and hammering by the smaller traders here. The bank statement published at noon was very unfavorable, and added to the general weakness. The bank reserves show a decrease of \$2,355,235. The decline at the close ranged from ½ to 2 per cent. The sales for the morning amounted to 119,245 shares.

BUCK & QUINCY .108 Michigan Cent. .55½ Central Pacific. .35 Missouri Pacific. .75½ C. C. C. & I. .55½ N. Y. Central. .108 Del. & Hudson. .118½ North Western. .105½ Del. & Lack. & W. 136½ Ohio & Miss. .21½ Illinois Central. .119 Pacific Mail. .37½ Lake Shore. .100½ St. Paul. .32½ Louisville & Nash. .04 Western Union. .83½

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—\$1 63½ 07.

CORN—New. .33½ 08; old. .43½ 05.

WOOL—Unwashed; fine merino, 18½ 19½; one-fourth blood combing, 23½ 24½; medium dalein and clothing, 25½ 26½; braid, 18½ 19½; medium combing, 24½ 25½; fleece washed, fine merino, X and XX, 26½ 27½; medium clothing, 28½ 29½; coarse fleece, 29½ 30½.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, .15 00; No. 2 11 00; prairie, \$1 50 00; wheat, oats and rye straw, \$7 00 28 00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3 25 00; 3 55; fair, \$2 25 00; common, \$1 50 00; stockers and feeders, \$2 00 25; yearlings and calves, \$2 00 25.

HOGS—Fair to good, \$5 20 35 40; mixed packing, \$5 20 35 40; heavy to choice, \$5 25 35.

SHEEP—Common to fair, \$2 00 25 25; good to choice, \$2 00 24 00.

LAMBS—\$3 00 25 25.

PITTSBURG.

WHEAT—\$1 63 21 07.

CORN—New. .33 34 08; old. .43 34 05.

WOOL—Good to choice butchers, \$3 25 00; 3 55; fair, \$2 25 00; common, \$1 50 00; stockers and feeders, \$2 00 25; yearlings and calves, \$2 00 25.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, \$3 00 25 48; 4 58; mixed, \$1 50 00 25; stockers and feeders, \$2 00 25 30.

SHEEP—Common to choice, \$2 00 24 50